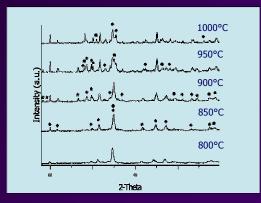
JOŽEF STEFAN POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL*

E SYNTHESIS AND DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES HE GLASS-CERAMIC COMPOSITE MgO-B₂O₃-SiO₂

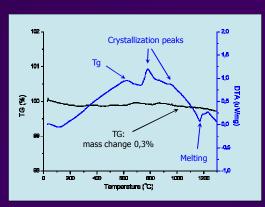
Urban Došler, Marjeta Maček Kržmanc, Danilo Suvorov Advanced Materials Department, Jozef Stefan Institute, Jamova 39, Slovenia e-mail: urban.dosler@ijs.si

AIM OF WORK

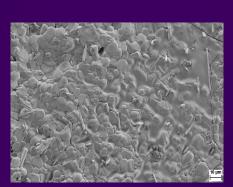
RESULTS

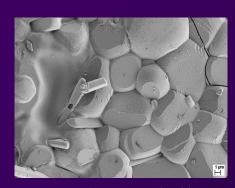


X-ray powder diffraction of the 43%MgO-35%B₂O₃-22%SiO₂ composition. Denotation of the crystalline phases are: • \Rightarrow Mg₂B₂O₅, • \Rightarrow MgSiO₃, \star \Rightarrow Mg₂Al₄Si₅O₁₈



TG and DTA curves of 43%MgO-35%B₂O₃ -22%SiO₂ glass





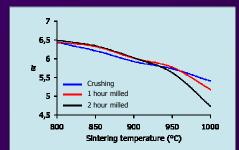
FE-scanning electron micrographs of the $43\%MgO-35\%B_2O_3-22\%SiO_2$ glass-ceramic

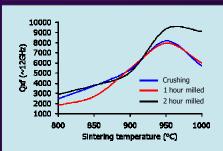
EXPERIMENTAL WORK

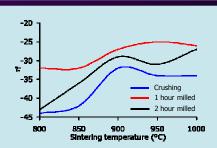
Homogenate of oxides: $43wt.\%MgO - 35wt.\%B_2O_3 - 22wt.\%SiO_2$











Sintering was preformed at various temperatures between $800\,$ and $1000^{\circ}\text{C}.$ The permittivity decreased with an increase in sintering temperature and prolongation of the milling time. Higher sintering temperatures also result in a lower amount of glassy phase, which could be observed in higher Qxf values. The temperature coefficient of resonant frequency (τf) was in the range of -45 – -25 ppm/°C.

CONCLUSIONS